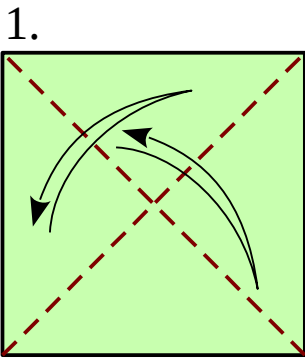


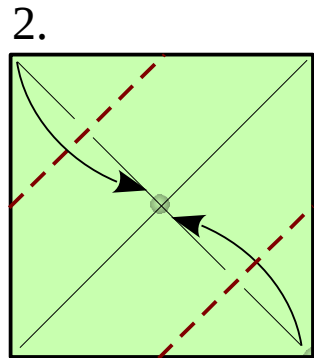
Cicada on Leaf

By Wensdy Whitehead

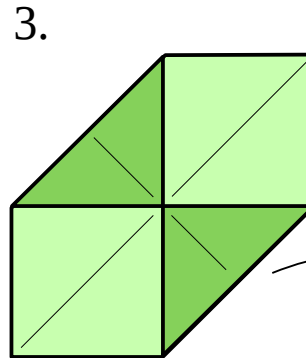
Recommended Paper:
6-8" (15-20cm) thin
paper-backed foil or tissue
foil. Kami will work, too.



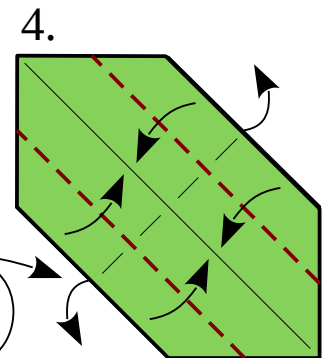
1. Fold and unfold.



2. Bring two (2) opposite corners to the center.

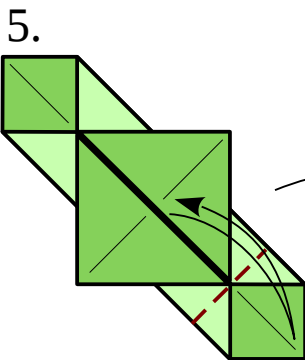


3.



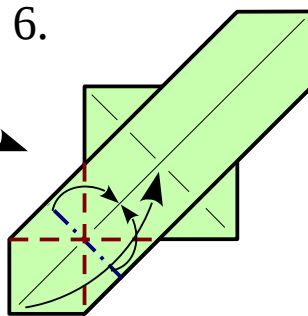
4.

Flip-fold, allowing the corner to swing around to the front.



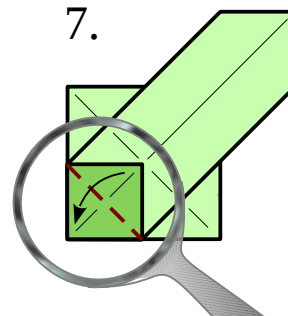
5.

Pre-crease.



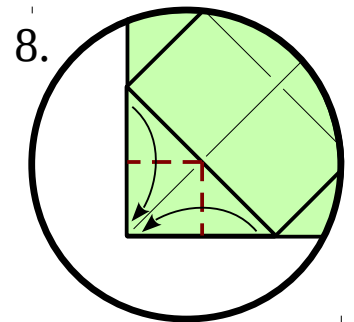
6.

Pre-crease and collapse like a preliminary base.

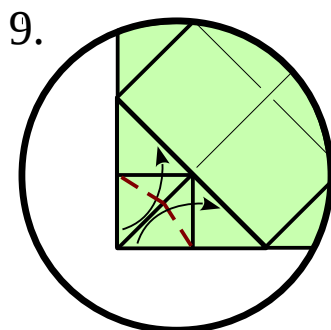


7.

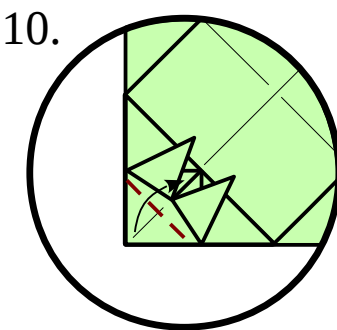
Partial, magnified view.



8.

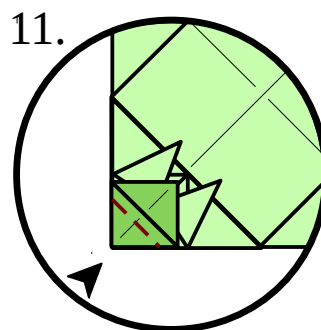


9.



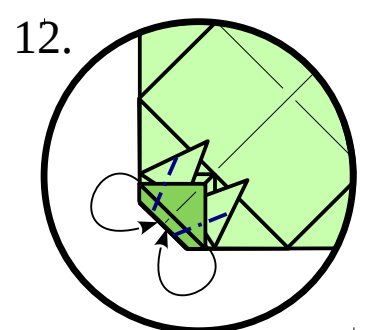
10.

Fold only the top layer.



11.

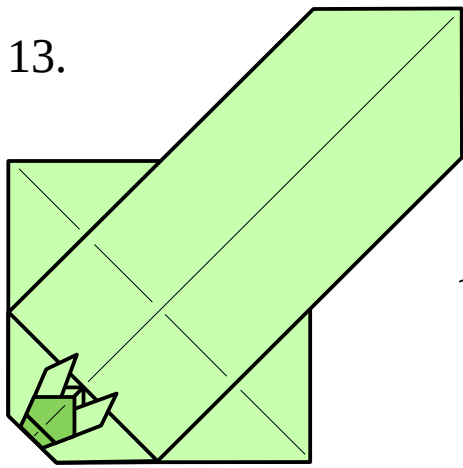
Sink into the preliminary base, unfolding and refolding steps 7-10 in the process.



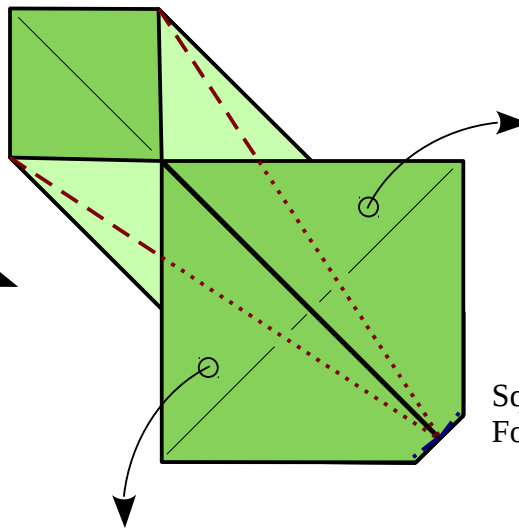
12.

Mountain fold the edges to the center diagonal. Return to full view.

13.

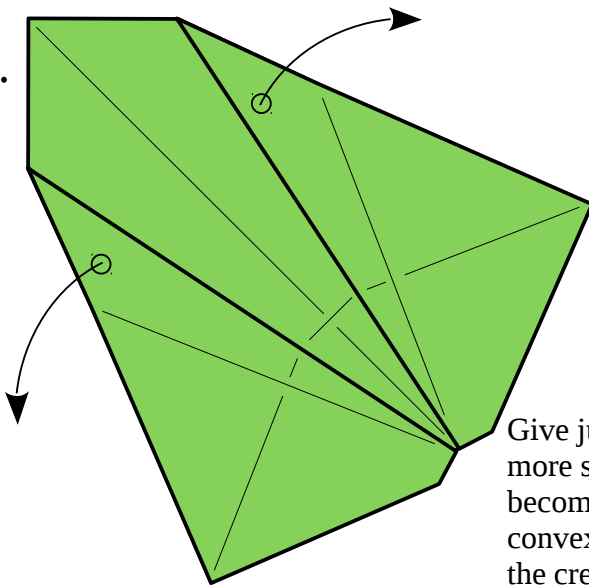


14.

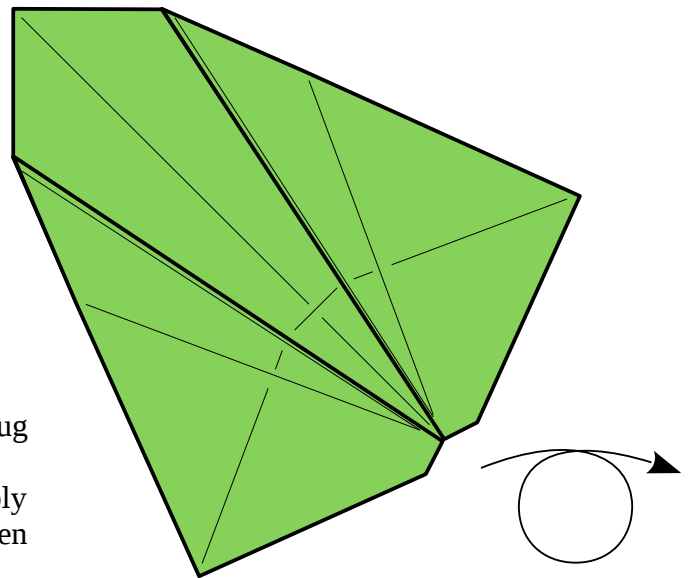


Squash the leaf open.
Fold softly!

15.

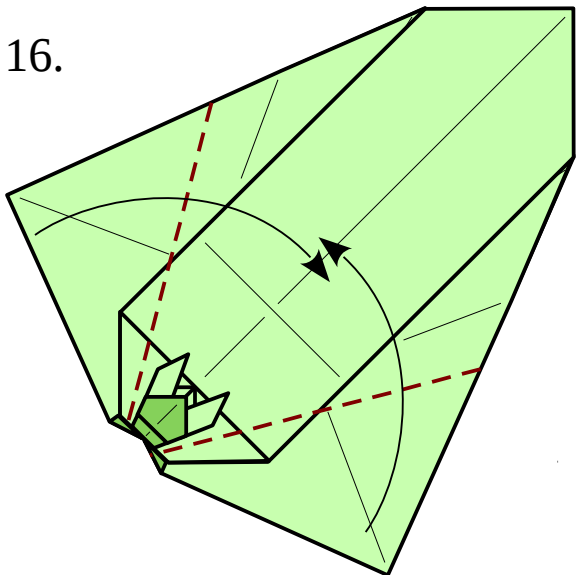


16.

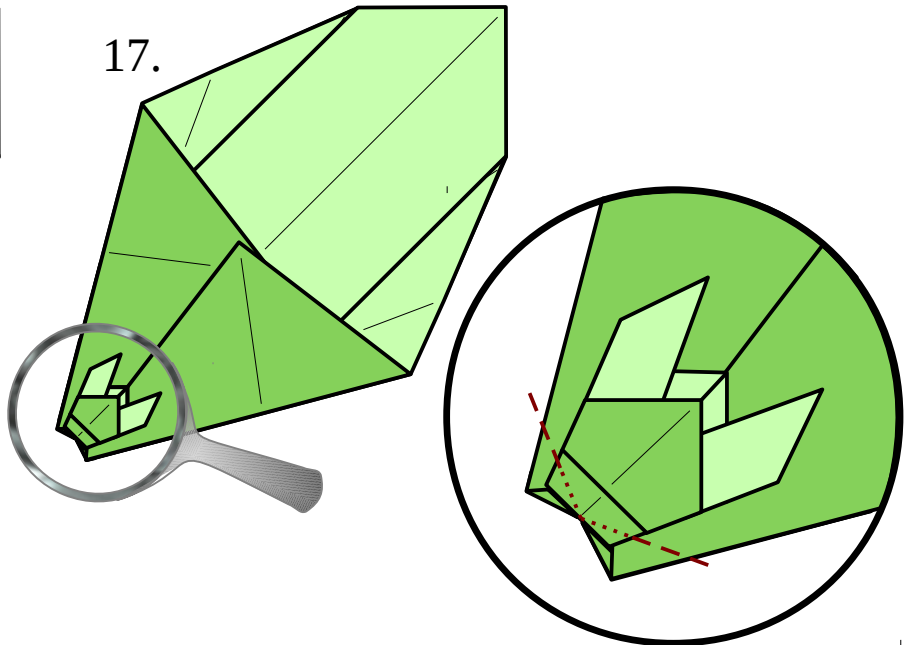


Give just a little tug
more so the leaf
becomes noticeably
convex and sharpen
the creases.

16.



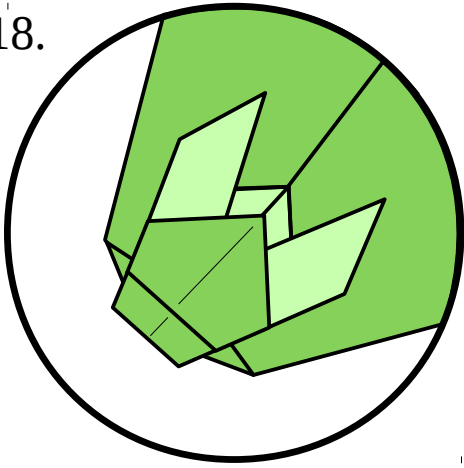
17.



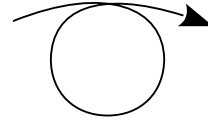
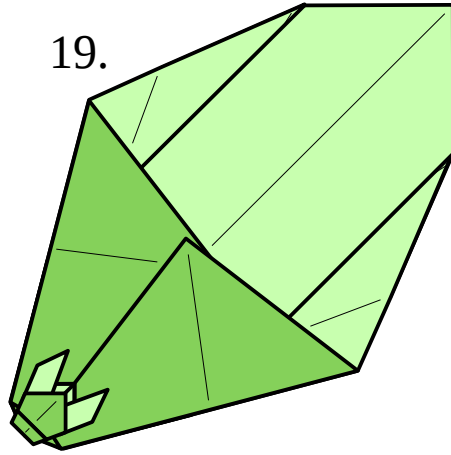
Fold the edges a bit beyond the center
diagonal and tightly against the rear end
of the cicada to avoid a color-change
gap on the front due to paper creep.

OPTIONAL: Depending on RAT folds and paper creep, a little
tiny bit of color-change may show just in front of the bug. Valley
folds of the offending points hides this. An alternative for thinner
paper is squashing that superfluous front end under so it hides.

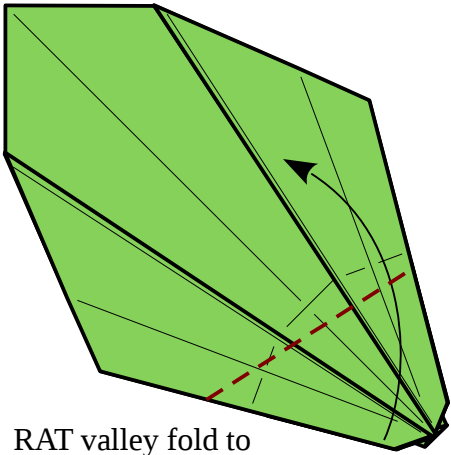
18.



19.

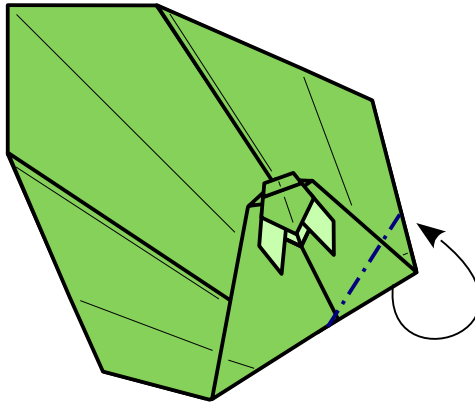


20.



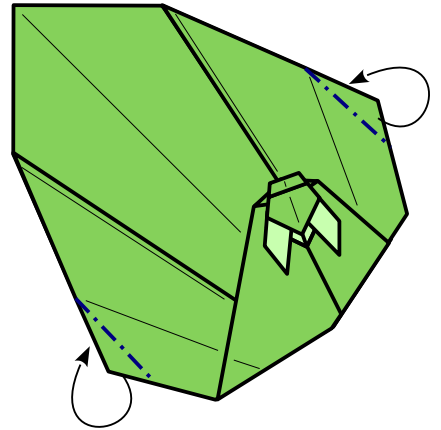
RAT valley fold to position the cicada on the front of the leaf.

21.



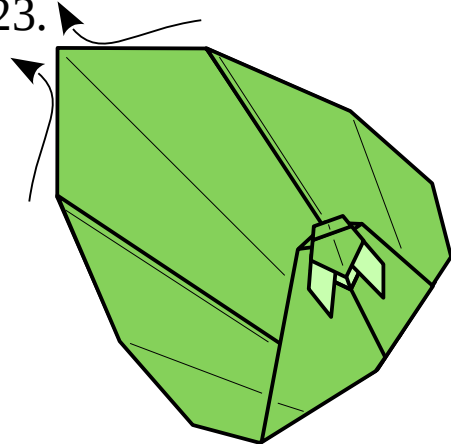
Shape the base of the leaf. One fold can usually make the base symmetric, otherwise use two.

22.



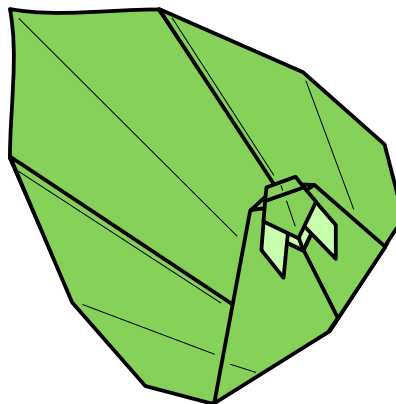
Shape the sides of the leaf with at least one pair of mountain folds.

23.



Curl the tip of the leaf slightly upward.

24.



Done!