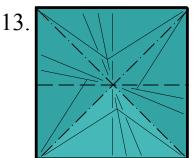


The middle creases are again important, but only the two (2) which are valley folds. The new creases connect the intersection of a new crease from step 11 and a middle valley crease with the nearest corner.

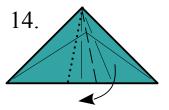
Repeat with the opposite

new creases.

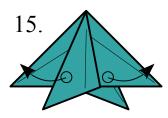
corner for a total of four (4)



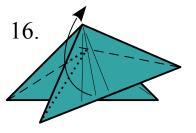
Refold the waterbomb base. The highlighted area ends up facing you.



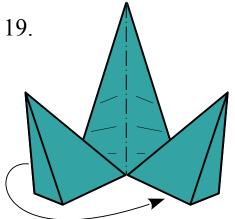
Refold the existing crease. Repeat symmetrically behind.



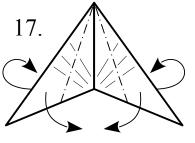
Grab all layers in the spots indicated and pull open.



Huge V-squash using the pre-creases. *No new creases.* Repeat behind.

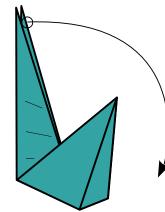


Fold one half behind.

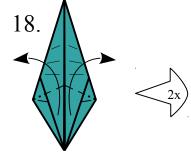


Outside-reverse (hood) folds. Keep the middle layer facing front on both left and right.

20.

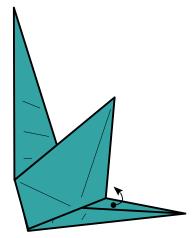


Pull out the inner flap and swivel it about 90° and crease.

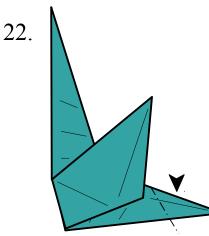


Squash the wings upward as far as they can go.

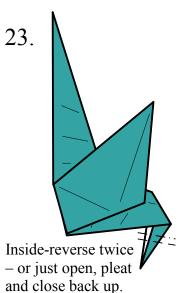
21.

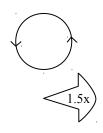


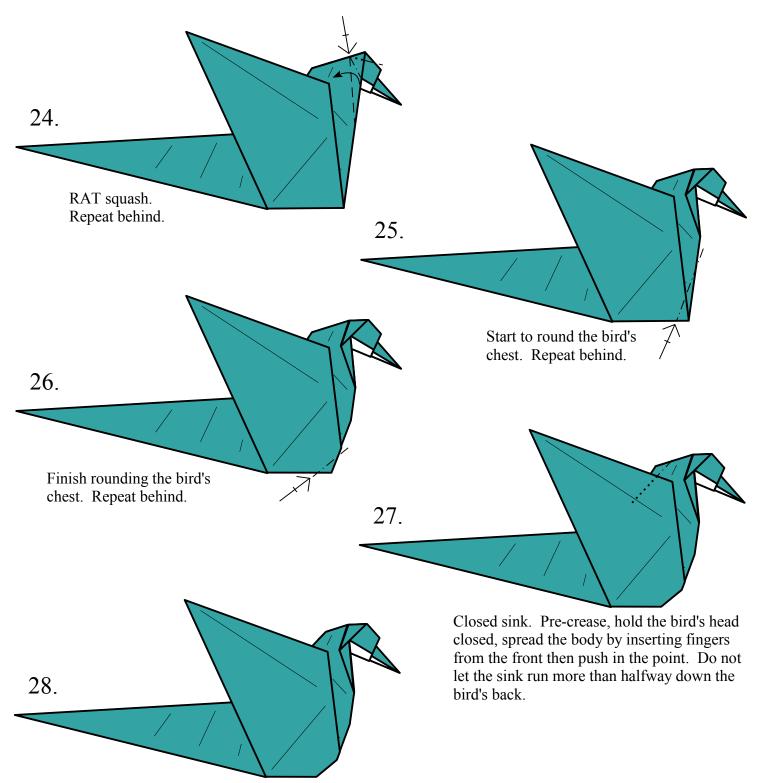
Unfold and flatten the excess hidden inside.



Inside-reverse.







Shaping can bring this flat bird 3D. Depending on the paper, folding over the hidden inner point may help the bird hold a 3D shape without flopping too far open. To give the bird thickness, break the folded edge forming the bird's back below the closed sink. Shape the wings by gently curling them inward. The body of the bird can be curved slightly convex also. Except small models, the bird probably will not balance on its base, but a stand can help.

